# How Can I Help My Baby to Listen and Talk?

Listening skills grow and change along with your baby's other behaviours. The chart below tells how babies use their hearing as they grow.

# 1-3 months

- jumps or startles when there is a sudden loud sound
- seems aware of sounds (telephone ringing, music)
- voice is soothing and comforting to your baby

# 3-6 months

- turns eyes and head to look for sounds or baby's name
- enjoys music and noise-making toys
- begins to coo and gurgle (e.g., ooh, ba-ba)

### 6-10 months

- responds to familiar voices and sounds
- makes many different babbling sounds
- understands common words such as "no" and "more"

# 10-15 months

- understands when you say simple things
- uses many sounds and imitates simple words
- may use a few single words meaningfully

# **15-18 months**

- can tell where sounds are coming from
- points to body parts
- uses 3 or 4 words in addition to ma-ma and da-da

# 24 months

- use 20-50 words
- may combine 2 words such as "mommy go" or "want juice"
- follows simple directions such as "put the cup on the table"

# What Can I Do?

- Talk to your baby in a pleasant and natural voice.
- Hold your young baby close to you and talk or sing quietly.
- Try to imitate the sounds your baby makes.
- Provide toys like rattles, squeakers, and bells.
- Play games with your baby like peek-a-boo and pat-a-cake.
- Read books and talk about objects and toys. Ask your baby to point to the pictures.
- Call attention to sounds around your baby. For example, "Listen! The cat is meowing. / Can you hear the kitty meowing?"
- Make simple speech sounds (e.g., dada, bye-bye) and animal sounds, and encourage your baby to copy you.
- Name objects such as toys, food and body parts, and encourage your baby to copy you.
- Sing simple songs, say short rhymes, and play musical games with your baby.



# When Should I Have My Baby's Hearing Tested?

Hearing, talking and understanding speech are closely related. If you think your baby has a hearing problem, talk to your doctor and have your baby's hearing tested by an audiologist as soon as possible. A baby is never too young to have a hearing test. Your child will experience greater success, if an existing hearing loss is found early.

### For more information:

For more information on how to encourage your infant's speech and language please view the following information sheets:

- Newborn Hearing Screening (COMING SOON)
- Preschool Speech Language Development Birth to 5 Years (COMING SOON)
- Developing Reading and Writing Skills (COMING SOON)

# **Additional Resources:**

Speech-Language & Audiology Canada (SAC) Milestone Chart: Speech, Language and Hearing Milestones

# **Acknowledgments:**

The Alberta Association of Audiologists (AAofA) would like to thank the Alberta College of Speech-Language Pathologists and Audiologists (ACSLPA) for sharing this information sheet for use by AAofA.

Original: April 2014 Adapted: May 2022

# **Getting Help**

If you suspect a problem, consult a Registered Audiologist (R.Aud).

#### To find an audiologist:

- Contact HEALTH LINK Health Advice 24/7 at 8-1-1
- Visit: www.MyHealth.Alberta.ca
- Find an audiologist on the Alberta Association of Audiologists website, by visiting: <a href="https://www.aaofa.ca/Find-An-Audiologist">https://www.aaofa.ca/Find-An-Audiologist</a>

